

MATH 504
EXERCISES 3

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Unless otherwise stated G is a group.

- (1) Determine all homomorphisms from :
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/8 \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/14\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/7\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}/14\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathfrak{S}_3 \rightarrow \mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z} \rightarrow \mathfrak{S}_3$
- (2) Let m and n be two relatively prime numbers. Show that there is no non-trivial group homomorphism from $\mathbf{Z}/m\mathbf{Z}$ to $\mathbf{Z}/n\mathbf{Z}$.
- (3) Determine the automorphism groups of the following groups :
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/4\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/5\mathbf{Z}$
 - ▶ $\mathbf{Z}/6\mathbf{Z}$
- (4) Show that A_n is a normal subgroup of \mathfrak{S}_n . (Recall that A_n is the subgroup of even permutations.)
- (5) Let G be a group, H and K be subgroups of G .
 - ▶ Show that $H \times K = \{(h, k) \mid h \in H, k \in K\}$ is a group under componentwise multiplication, that is $(h, k) * (h', k') = (hh', kk')$.
 - ▶ Show that the subset $A = \{(h, e) \mid h \in H\}$ is a normal subgroup of $H \times K$.
 - ▶ Show that the subset $B = \{(e, k) \mid k \in K\}$ is a normal subgroup of $H \times K$.
 - ▶ Find a group G' and establish a homomorphism whose kernel is A . Use first isomorphism theorem to deduce that $K \cong (H \times K)/A$
 - ▶ Find a group G'' and establish a homomorphism whose kernel is B . Use first isomorphism theorem to deduce that $H \cong (H \times K)/B$
- (6) Let $\varphi: G \rightarrow G'$ be a group epimorphism and N be a normal subgroup of G . Show that $\varphi(N)$ is a normal subgroup of G' . Show by an example that the claim fails to hold if we do not assume φ to be an epimorphism.
- (7) Let $\varphi: G \rightarrow G'$ be a group homomorphism and N' be a normal subgroup of G' . Show that $\varphi^{-1}(N')$ is a normal subgroup of G .
- (8) Let G be a group and N and N' be two normal subgroups of G with the property that $N \cap N' = \{e\}$. Show that for any $n \in N$ and $n' \in N'$, $nn' = n'n$.
- (9) Show that $GL(2, \mathbf{R})/SL(2, \mathbf{R}) = \mathbf{R}^\times$ using first isomorphism theorem.
- (10) In this exercise, we will prove the second isomorphism theorem. Let G be a group and let N and N' be two normal subgroups of G .
 - ▶ Show that $NN' := \{nn' \in G \mid n \in N, \text{ and } n' \in N'\}$ is a subgroup of G .
 - ▶ Show that N' is a normal subgroup of NN' .
 - ▶ Show that $N \cap N'$ is a normal subgroup of N .
 - ▶ Finally, show that $N/N \cap N' \cong NN'/N'$ using first isomorphism theorem. (Hint: Define a homomorphism from N to NN'/N' whose kernel is $N \cap N'$.)